

Class XII

Chapter 4 - DETERMINANTS

MODULE 2/4

Worksheet

Four/ Six marks Questions

1 Using properties of determinants, prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} \alpha & \alpha^2 & \beta + \gamma \\ \beta & \beta^2 & \gamma + \alpha \\ \gamma & \gamma^2 & \alpha + \beta \end{vmatrix} = (\beta - \gamma) (\gamma - \alpha) (\alpha - \beta) (\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$$

2 Using properties of determinants, prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} x & x^2 & yz \\ y & y^2 & zx \\ z & z^2 & xy \end{vmatrix} = (x-y) (y-z) (z-x) (xy+yz+zx)$$

3 Using properties of determinants, prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} \alpha & \alpha^2 & \beta + \gamma \\ \beta & \beta^2 & \gamma + \alpha \\ \gamma & \gamma^2 & \alpha + \beta \end{vmatrix} = (\beta - \gamma) (\gamma - \alpha) (\alpha - \beta) (\alpha + \beta + \gamma)$$

4 By using properties show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 + 1 & ab & ac \\ ab & b^2 + 1 & bc \\ ca & cb & c^2 + 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 + a^2 + b^2 + c^2$$

5 Using properties of determinants, prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} b + c & c + a & a + b \\ c + a & a + b & b + c \\ a + b & b + c & c + a \end{vmatrix} = -(a+b+c) [(a-b)^2 + (b-c)^2 + (c-a)^2]$$

6 By using properties of determinants show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 + x & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 + y & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 + z \end{vmatrix} = xyz + xy + yz + zx$$

7

Show that $\begin{vmatrix} x+1 & x+2 & x+a \\ x+2 & x+3 & x+b \\ x+3 & x+4 & x+c \end{vmatrix} = 0$, where a, b, c are in AP.

8 Find the maximum value of

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 + \sin x & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 + \cos x \end{vmatrix}$$

9 If a, b, c are real numbers and $\Delta = \begin{vmatrix} b + c & c + a & a + b \\ c + a & a + b & b + c \\ a + b & b + c & c + a \end{vmatrix} = 0$.

Show that either $a + b + c = 0$ or $a = b = c$

10 Show that $\begin{vmatrix} x & x + y & x + 2y \\ x + 2y & x & x + y \\ x + y & x + 2y & x \end{vmatrix} = 9y^2(x + y)$

11 Using properties of determinants, prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & b & c \\ a - b & b - c & c - a \\ b + c & c + a & a + b \end{vmatrix} = a^3 + b^3 + c^3 - 3abc$$

12 Using properties of determinants, prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} a^2 + 2a & 2a + 1 & 1 \\ 2a + 1 & a + 2 & 1 \\ 3 & 3 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = (a - 1)^3$$

13 Using properties of determinants prove that

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & a^2 + bc & a^3 \\ 1 & b^2 + ca & b^3 \\ 1 & c^2 + ab & c^3 \end{vmatrix} = -(a - b)(b - c)(c - a)(a^2 + b^2 + c^2)$$
